N	FRAD	ISAAR(CPF)	EAC-CPF	Topic Maps
1.0.0	Person	5.1.1 Type of entity	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/entityType	Topic type "person" subclass of the abstract "Agent"
1.1.1	Profession/occupation	5.2.5 Functions, occupations and activities	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/occupation	Association with association type http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar525/ or a more specific association to express occupation
1.1.2	Biography/history	5.2.2 History	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/biogHist	Occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar522
1.1.3	Dates of person	5.2.1 Dates of existence	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/existDates	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar521/
1.1.4	Title of person	Not present	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/localDescription or /eac- cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry/part if it's used in name declaration	Association
1.1.5	Other designation associated with the person	Not present	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/localDescription o /eac- cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry/part if it's used in name declaration	Association
1.1.6	Gender	Not present	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/localDescription	Occurrence
1.1.7	Place of birth	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/placeEntry with placeRole "Place of birth"	In a ISAAR (CPF) compliant system, I suggest to use a generic association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar523, with a scope note to constraint the scope (place of death). Other projects prefer to use a specific association (see italian opera map) or an occurrence.
1.1.8	Place of death	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/placeEntry with placeRole "Place of death"	See above

1.1.9	Country	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/placeEntry with placeRole "citizenship"	See above
1.1.10	Place of residence	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/placeEntry with placeRole "place of residence"	See above
1.1.11	Affiliation	Not present as a descriptive field, see instead 1.2.9	See 1.2.9	Occurrence
1.1.12	Address	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/address	Occurrence
1.1.13	Language of person	Not present	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/languageUsed/la nguage	Association
1.1.14	Field of activity	5.2.5 Functions, occupations and activities	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/activity	See 1.1.1
1.2.1	"Known by" relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry	Topic name of the topic "person", with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512. For the name (in FRAD the name is an entity) FRAD model is quite similiar to the Topic Maps model
1.2.2	"Assigned" relationship → identifier	5.4.1 Authority record identifier	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/entityId	Occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar541. If it's possibile use instead a subject identifier
1.2.3	Pseudonymous relationship → person	Not an association. In ISAAR pseudonyms are in 5.1.5 other forms of name	If you want to manage it as association use /eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType identity or use <multipleidentities>. Otherwise you can use simpy /eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry</multipleidentities>	If you want to manage it as an association, use an n-ary association between all identity of the same entity. Otherwise you can use a topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 and scope note "pseudonym"
1.2.4	Attributive relationship → person	Not present	Not present	Association with a reification that specifies the wrong attribation

1.2.5	Collaborative relationship → person	In ISAAR(CPF) two or more agents that produce archival records are described separatly, but you can record as relationship (an associative relationship as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	Each EAC-CPF would describe an agent linked with the resource made in collaboration (in that sense the collaborative relationship is implicit). However you can use /eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation using xlink attribute to indicate the type of relationship	Explicit association between two or more persons. Otherwise you can use an n-ary association between co-workers and the resource.
1.2.6	Sibling relationship → person	Family Relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType family	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/familiar-relation-type, with opportune role
1.2.7	Parent/child relationship → person	Family or hierarchical relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType hierarchical-parent or hierarchical-child	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/familiar-relation-type or http://www.techquila.com/psi/hierarchy/#hierarchical-relation-type, with opportune role (child, father etc)
1.2.8	Membership relationship → family	Family or associative relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType family	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/familiar-relation-type
1.2.9	Membership relationship → corporate body	Associative relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType associative and @relatedCpfEntityType corporateBody	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/associative-relation-type
1.2.10	Real name relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry	Topic name with topic name type PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512 In an archivistic context use a topic name with
1.2.11	Pseudonym relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType	topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 and

1.2.12	Secular name relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType	In an archivistic context use a topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 and an appropriate scope note ("secular name"). In other systems you can use directly a topic name with topic name type "secular name", subclass of PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 In an archivistic context use a topic name with
1.2.13	Name in religion relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name		topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512 and an appropriate scope note ("religion name"). In other systems you can use directly a topic name with topic name type "religion name", subclass of PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512 In an archivistic context use a topic name with
1.2.14	Official name relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType	topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512 and
1.2.15	Earlier name relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType, using <usedates> to determinate the period of use</usedates>	Topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515. Use a scope note to indicate the dates when the name was used.
1.2.16	Later name relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType, using <usedates> to determinate the period of use</usedates>	Topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515. Use a scope note to indicate the dates when the name was used.
1.2.17	Alternative linguistic form relationship → name	5.1.3 Parallel forms of name	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntryParallel	Topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar513. Use a scope note to indicate the language.

1.2.18	Other variant name relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name or 5.1.4 Standardized forms of name according to other rules	translitteration, with @transliteration. Use	If it's a variant of the name you can use the variant construct. Otherwise use a topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 or PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar514. In the latter you can indicate in a scope note the rules
2.0.0	Family	5.1.1 Type of entity	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/entityType	Topic type "family" subclass of the abstract "Agent"
2.1.1	Places associated with family	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/placeEntry	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar523
2.1.2	History of family	5.2.2 History	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/biogHist	Occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar522
2.1.3	Type of family	Not present	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/@localType	Actually it's a general description, so use an occurrence.
2.1.4	Dates of family	5.2.1 Dates of existence	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/existDates	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar521/
2.2.1	"Known by" relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry	Topic name with topic name type PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512
2.2.2	"Assigned" relationship → identifier	5.4.1 Authority record identifier	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/entityId	Occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar541. If it's possibile use instead a subject identifier
2.2.3	Genealogical relationship → family	5.2.7 Internal structures/Genealogy, if it's express in discorsive form. Otherwise family relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/structureOrGene alogy or /eac- cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType family	You can use both an association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/familiar-relation-type or an occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar527

2.2.4	Alternative linguistic form relationship → name	5.1.3 Parallel forms of name	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntryParallel	Topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar513. Use a scope note to indicate the language.
3.0.0	Ente (Corporate Body)	5.1.1 Type of entity	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/entityType	Topic type "corporate body" subclass of the abstract "Agent"
3.1.1	Place associated with the corporate body	5.2.3 Places	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/placeEntry	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar523
3.1.2	Date associated with the corporate body	5.2.1 Dates of existence	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/existDates	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar521/
3.1.3	Other designation associated with body	Not present	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/localDescription	Association
3.1.4	Type of corporate body	5.2.4 Legal status	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/legalStatus	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar524
3.1.5	Language of the corporate body	Not present in ISAAR. It's present in ISDIAH 5.5.1 Research services	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/languageUsed/la nguage	Association
3.1.6	Address	ISAAR 5.2.3 Places. Or ISDIAH .2.1 Location and address(es)	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/description/place/address	Occurrence
3.1.7	Field of activity	5.2.5 Functions, occupations and activities	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/activity or /eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/function or /eac- cpf/cpfDescription/relations/functionRelation	See 1.1.1
3.1.8	History	5.2.2 History	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/description/biogHist	Occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar522
3.2.1	"Known by" relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry	Topic name of the topic "corporate body", with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512. For the name (in FRAD the name is an entity) FRAD model is quite similiar to the Topic Maps model

3.2.2	"Assigned" relationship → identifier	5.1.6 Identifiers for corporate bodies or 5.4.1 Authority record identifier or, in ISDIAH, 5.1.1 Identifier	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/entityId	Occurrence with occurrence type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar516. If it's possibile use instead a subject identifier
3.2.3	Hierarchical relationship → corporate body	Hierarchical relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType hierarchical	Association with association type identified by PSI http://www.techquila.com/psi/hierarchy/#hierarchical-relation-type
3.2.4	Sequential relationship → corporate body	Temporal relationship (as indicate in ISAAR 5.3.2)	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/relations/cpfRelation with @cpfRelationType temporal, temporal- earlier or temporal-later	Association with association type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/temporal-association-type
3.2.5	Expanded name relationship → name	5.1.2 Authorized form(s) of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType	Topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar512
3.2.6	Acronym / initials / abbreviations relationship → name		/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType, using <usedates> to determinate the period of use</usedates>	In an archivistic context use a topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 and an appropriate scope note ("acronym"). In other systems you can use directly a topic name with topic name type "acronym", subclass of PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515
3.2.7	Pseudonym relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType, using <usedates> to determinate the period of use</usedates>	In an archivistic context use a topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 and an appropriate scope note ("pseudonym"). In other systems you can use directly a topic name with topic name type "pseudonym", subclass of PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515
3.2.8	Alternative linguistic form relationship → name	5.1.3 Parallel forms of name	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntryParallel	Topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar513. Use a scope note to indicate the language.

3.2.9	Other variant name relationship → name	5.1.5 Other forms of name or 5.1.4 Standardized forms of name according to other rules	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry with appropriate @localType or, if it's a translitteration, with @transliteration. Use <alternativeform> to indicate the rules for wich this it's an alternativeForm.</alternativeform>	If it's a variant of the name you can use the variant construct. Otherwise use a topic name with topic name type identified by PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar515 or PSI http://gilgamesh.unipv.it/psi/isaar/isaar514. In the latter you can indicate in a scope note the rules
12.0.0	Name	In ISAAR(CPF) names aren't a distinct entity	/eac-cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry	Topic Name
12.1.1	Type of name	Authorized form(s) of name, Parallel forms of name, Standardized forms of name, Other forms of name	@localType attribute in element <nameentry> or in element <part></part></nameentry>	Topic Name Type
12.1.2	Scope of usage	Not present	Not present	Scope note of the topic name
12.1.3	Dates of usage	Not present (as distinct element)	/eac- cpf/cpfDescription/identity/nameEntry/useDate s	Scope note of topic name, to indicate the dates when the name was used
12.1.4	Language of name	Not present as distinct element, see 5.1.3 Parallels forms of name	@xml:lang attribute in <nameentry> element</nameentry>	"Linguistic" scopo note of the topic name
12.1.5	Script of name	Not present as distinct element, see 5.1.3 Parallels forms of name	@scriptCode attribute in <nameentry> element</nameentry>	Scope note of the topic name
12.1.6	Transliteration scheme of name	Present (in a generic mode) in 5.4.3 Rules and/or conventions	@translitteration attribute in <nameentry> element</nameentry>	Reification of variant
12.2.1	"Basis for" relationship → controlled access point	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable



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